LGBT+ Inclusion in the Episcopal Church

Session 1 Notes – Scripture interpretation Robin Denney, St. Mary's Episcopal Church, Napa

Background Reading:

- A detailed look at scriptures that are used to condemn LGBT people, by Walter Wink <u>https://reconcilingworks.org/images/stories/downloads/resources/003_Homosexuality_and_the_Bible-Wink.pdf</u>
- A look at some of the different things the bible says about sex: <u>https://www.queertheology.com/bible-says-sex/</u>
- A look at the harm of conversion therapy: <u>https://www.hrc.org/resources/the-lies-and-dangers-of-reparative-therapy</u>
- Book of Common Prayer Page 848-849 What is Sin?

Frameworks to help inform the church's position of LGBT+ inclusion

- The bulk of scripture, the life, death, and resurrection of Jesus, and the witness of the saints, shows God to be: loving, life-giving, and liberating.
- Jesus did not condemn "homosexuality"
- Jesus sought out and accepted outcasts and restored them to relationship with God and the community
- Jesus' most harsh condemnation is for those who would keep the poor, suffering, and outcasts from drawing near to God.
- Sin is broken relationship with God, and harm to self or others. There are many ways to sin with relationship to sex, but loving consensual sexual experience is not sinful.

Historical/cultural/literary interpretation of scripture

- Walter Wink "There is no biblical sex ethic. The Bible knows only a love ethic."
- There was no word or concept for a loving relationship between people of the same gender, or of expression of gender identity.
- Different ideas about sex are expressed throughout scripture, which we find abhorrent today:
 - Rapists must marry their victims. *Deuteronomy 22:28-29*
 - Men with multiple wives and/or adultery: Abraham, Jacob, Enoch, etc.
 - Servant/slave women were forced to bear children for/by their masters: Abraham, Jacob
- There were also other prohibitions we do not abide by today:
 - Women having sex while menstruating, spilling seed
- Punishments for sexual behavior is often about property rights (women as property).
 Adultery is determined by the marital status of the woman, not the man.
- Semen was seen as containing the whole of the life force, so "spilling" it for any purpose except procreation was an act against life.
- We do not follow all the laws from the Torah, i.e. slavery, and eye for an eye, no cloth of blended fibers, no pork, put sorcerers to death... etc.
- Paul in Romans is using a literary example of a group of people who committed many sins, Romans 1:26-32, but his use of this list is to condemn not the sinner but those who judge (argument concludes in 2:1) "Therefore you have no excuse, whoever you are when you judge others."